Year 3 Science Knowledge Organiser

Summer Term 1

PHYSICS - 'What is a Magnet and what can it do?'

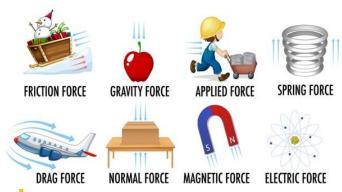
What is a force?

Forces are just pushes, pulls or twists in a particular direction.

Balanced forces are the same size. They act in opposite directions. The object stays still.

Unbalanced forces are unequal and cause an object to move.

TYPES OF FORCE



Magnetic field Magnetic field Magnetic south pole Magnetic south pole

What can a magnet do?

A magnet is a piece of metal that exhibits properties of magnetism, such as attracting other magnetic objects using a magnetic field. When two magnets are close, they create pushing or pulling forces on one another.

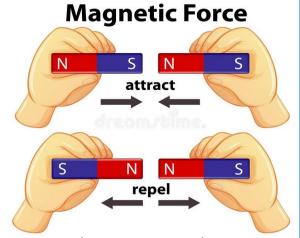
SUPERFACT: The gravitational force of the earth attracts smaller bodies to it.

Why do magnets repel and attract?

These forces are strongest at the ends of the magnets. The two ends of a magnet are known as the **north pole** and the **south pole**.

When put together two things happen.

Same poles (N/N or S/S) will repel each other (push away) Different poles (N/S or S/N) will attract (draw closer)



Which materials are magnetic?

Magnetic refers to something that attracts **metal**, like iron or steel.

Which materials are non-magnetic?

Non-Magnetic refers to materials that to not attract metal such as wood, fabrics, glass, plastic and paper.

MAGNETIC OR NOT MAGNETIC? (answers)

| MAGNETIC | NOT MAGNETIC |
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Which metals are magnetic?

Iron, cobalt and **nickel** are magnetic. Metals that have these metals in them attract other magnets.

A steel paper clip contains iron while some 2p coins contain nickel.

| Key vocabulary | | |
|----------------|--|--|
| Spelling | Definition | |
| force | A push or pull that changes the movement or shape of an | |
| | object. | |
| magnet | A material or object that produces a magnetic field. | |
| magnetic | Having the power to attract other magnetic objects. | |
| non-magnetic | Not being attracted other magnetic objects. | |
| repel | Drive back or force away | |
| attract | The pull by a physical force causing objects to draw closer. | |
| magnetic pole | Region at each end of a magnet where the magnetic field is | |
| | strongest. | |
| metal | Material that can be polished and shaped, conducts electricity | |
| | and heat. | |