Y1		Y1 Science Threshold Concept - Science Skills
Y1	Science Skills Units	To work scientifically
Y1	All Y1 biology, chemistry and physics based science units	 Ask simple questions. Observe closely, using simple equipment. Perform simple tests. Identify and classify. Use observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions. Gather and record data to help in answering questions.
Y2		Y2 Science Threshold Concept - Science Skills
Y2	Science Skills Units	To work scientifically
Y2	All Y2 biology, chemistry and physics based science units	 Ask simple questions. Observe closely, using simple equipment. Perform simple tests. Identify and classify. Use observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions. Gather and record data to help in answering questions.
Y3		Y3 Science Threshold Concept - Science Skills
Y3	Science Skills Units	To work scientifically
Y3	All Y3 biology, chemistry and physics based science units	 Ask relevant questions. Set up simple practical enquiries and comparative and fair tests. Make accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, e.g. thermometers and data loggers. Gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions. Record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, bar charts and tables. Report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions. Use results to draw simple conclusions and suggest improvements, new questions and predictions for setting up further tests. Identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple, scientific ideas and processes. Use straightforward, scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings.

Pro	ogression in Science Skills: V	Vardley CE Primary School
Y4		Y4 Science Threshold Concept - Science Skills
Y4	Science Skills Units	To work scientifically
Y4	All Y4 biology, chemistry and physics based science units Plus WORKING SCIENTIFICALLY BRILLIANT BUBBLES	 Ask relevant questions. Set up simple practical enquiries and comparative and fair tests. Make accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, e.g. thermometers and data loggers. Gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions. Record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, bar charts and tables. Report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions. Use results to draw simple conclusions and suggest improvements, new questions and predictions for setting up further tests. Identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple, scientific ideas and processes. Use straightforward, scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings.
Y5		Y5 Science Threshold Concept - Science Skills
Y5	Science Skills Units	To work scientifically
Υ5	All Y5 biology, chemistry and physics based science units Plus WORKING SCIENTIFICALLY SUPER SCIENTISTS	 Plan enquiries, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. Use appropriate techniques, apparatus, and materials during fieldwork and laboratory work. Take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision. Record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, bar and line graphs, and models. Report findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations of results, explanations involving causal relationships, and conclusions. Present findings in written form, displays and other presentations. Use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests. Use simple models to describe scientific ideas, identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments

Pro	ression in Science Skills: Wardley CE Primary School			
Y6		Y6 Science Threshold Concept - Science Skills		
у6	Science Skills Units	To work scientifically		
Υ6	All Y4 biology, chemistry and physics based science units Plus WORKING SCIENTIFICALLY WE ARE DINOSAUR HUNTERS	 Plan enquiries, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. Use appropriate techniques, apparatus, and materials during fieldwork and laboratory work. Take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision. Record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, bar and line graphs, and models. Report findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations of results, explanations involving causal relationships, and conclusions. Present findings in written form, displays and other presentations. Use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests. Use simple models to describe scientific ideas, identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments 		

Pro	gression in Science Biolo	gy Skills: Wardley CE Prim	nary School		
Y1		Y1 Scie	nce Threshold Concepts -	Biology	
Y1	Biology Units	To understand Plants	To Understand animals & humans	To investigate Living Things	To Understand Evolution & Inheritance
Y1	BIOLOGY To understand animals & humans WHO AM I? BIOLOGY To investigate living things POLAR ADVENTURES BIOLOGY	 Identify and name a variety of common plants, including garden plants, wild plants and trees and those classified as deciduous and evergreen. Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering 	 Identify and name a variety of common animals that are birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals and invertebrates. Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores. Describe and compare the structure of a variety of 	 Explore and compare the differences between things that are living, that are dead and that have never been alive. Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the 	Identify how humans resemble their parents in many features.

	To investigate living things To understand plants TREASURE ISLAND BIOLOGY To understand animals & humans To investigate living things ON SAFARI BIOLOGY To investigate living things HOLIDAY	plants, including roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers. Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants. Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.	common animals (birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals and invertebrates, including pets). • Identify name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense. • Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults. • Investigate and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air). • Describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food and hygiene.	basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants and how they depend on each other.	
Y2		Y2 Scie	nce Threshold Concepts -	Biology	
Y2	Biology Units	To understand Plants	To Understand animals & humans	To investigate Living Things	To Understand Evolution & Inheritance
Y2	BIOLOGY To understand animals & humans HEALTHY ME BIOLOGY To investigate living things MINI WORLDS BIOLOGY	 Identify and name a variety of common plants, including garden plants, wild plants and trees and those classified as deciduous and evergreen. Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering 	 Identify and name a variety of common animals that are birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals and invertebrates. Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores. Describe and compare the structure of a variety of 	 Explore and compare the differences between things that are living, that are dead and that have never been alive. Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the 	• Identify how humans resemble their parents in many features.

	BIOLOGY To understand plants LITTLE MASTERCHEFS	Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants. Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.	mammals and invertebrates, including pets). • Identify name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense. • Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults. • Investigate and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air). • Describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food and hygiene.	plants and how they depend on each other.	
Y3		Y3 Scien	nce Threshold Concepts -	Biology	
Y3	Biology Units	To understand Plants	To Understand animals & humans	To investigate Living Things	To Understand Evolution & Inheritance
УЗ	BIOLOGY To understand animals & humans FOOD & OUR BODIES BIOLOGY To understand plants HOW DOES YOUR GARDEN GROW?	 Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem, leaves and flowers. Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant. Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants. 	 Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amounts of nutrition, that they cannot make their own food and they get nutrition from what they eat. Describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans. Identify that humans and some animals 	 Identify and name a variety of living things (plants and animals) in the local and wider environment, using classification keys to assign them to groups. Give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics. Recognise that environments are constantly changing and 	Identify how plants and animals, including humans, resemble their parents in many features. Recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago. Identify how animals and plants are suited to and

V4		Explore the role of flowers in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal.	have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement. • Describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans. • Identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions.	that this can sometimes pose dangers to specific habitats.	adapt to their environment in different ways.
Y4		Y4 Scie	nce Threshold Concepts-	Biology	
Y4	Biology Units	To understand Plants	To Understand animals & humans	To investigate Living Things	To Understand Evolution & Inheritance
Y4	BIOLOGY To investigate living things LIVING THINGS BIOLOGY To understand animals & humans TEETH & EATING	Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem, leaves and flowers. Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant. Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants.	 Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amounts of nutrition, that they cannot make their own food and they get nutrition from what they eat. Describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans. Identify that humans and 	 Identify and name a variety of living things (plants and animals) in the local and wider environment, using classification keys to assign them to groups. Give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics. Recognise that environments are 	Identify how plants and animals, including humans, resemble their parents in many features. Recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago. Identify how animals and plants are suited to and

		plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal.	for support, protection and movement. Describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans. Identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions.	pose dangers to specific habitats.	
Y5		Y5 Scie	nce Threshold Concepts -	Biology	
Y5	Biology Units	To understand Plants	To Understand animals & humans	To investigate Living Things	To Understand Evolution & Inheritance
Υ5	BIOLOGY To investigate living things CIRCLE OF LIFE BIOLOGY To investigate living things GROWING UP & GROWING OLD	Relate knowledge of plants to studies of evolution and inheritance. Relate knowledge of plants to studies of all living things.	Identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and explain the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood (including the pulse and clotting).	 Describe the life cycles common to a variety of animals, including humans (birth, growth, development, reproduction, death), and to a variety of plants (growth, reproduction and death). Explain the classification of living things into broad groups according to common, observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including 	 Recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents. Describe how adaptation leads to evolution. Recognise how and why the human skeleton has changed over time, since we separated from other primates

				plants, animals and micro-organisms. • Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals. • Describe the changes as humans develop from birth to old age. • Recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way human bodies function.	
Y6		Y6 Scie	nce Threshold Concepts -	Biology	
Y6	Biology Units	To understand Plants	To Understand animals & humans	To investigate Living Things	To Understand Evolution & Inheritance
Y6	BIOLOGY To investigate living things CLASSIFYING CRITTERS BIOLOGY To understand animals & humans STAYING ALIVE	Relate knowledge of plants to studies of evolution and inheritance. Relate knowledge of plants to studies of all living things.	• Identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and explain the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood (including the pulse and clotting).	Describe the life cycles common to a variety of animals, including humans (birth, growth, development, reproduction, death), and to a variety of plants (growth, reproduction and death). Explain the classification	 Recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents. Describe how adaptation leads to evolution. Recognise how and why

	plants, animals and micro-organisms. • Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals. • Describe the changes as humans develop from birth to old age. • Recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way human bodies function.
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Pr	ogression in Science Chemi	ression in Science Chemistry Skills: Wardley CE Primary School			
Y1		Y1 Science Threshold Concept - Chemistry			
Y1	Chemistry Units	To Investigate Materials			
Y1	CHEMISTRY To investigate materials MATERIALS	 Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made. Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water and rock. Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials. Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties. Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching. Identify and compare the uses of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick/rock, and paper/cardboard. 			

Y2		Y2 Science Threshold Concept - Chemistry
Y2	Chemistry Units	To Investigate Materials
Y2	CHEMISTRY To investigate materials MATERIALS MONSTER	 Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made. Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water and rock. Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials. Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties. Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching. Identify and compare the uses of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick/rock, and paper/cardboard.
Y3		Y3 Science Threshold Concept- Chemistry
Y3		
Y3	Chemistry Units	To Investigate Materials

Y4		Y4 Science Threshold Concept - Chemistry
Y4	Chemistry Units	To Investigate Materials
Υ4	CHEMISTRY To investigate materials LOOKING AT STATES	 Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their simple, physical properties. Relate the simple physical properties of some rocks to their formation (igneous or sedimentary). Describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within sedimentary rock. Compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases. Observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C), building on their teaching in mathematics. Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature.
Y5		Y5 Science Threshold Concept - Chemistry
Y5	Chemistry Units	To Investigate Materials
Y5	CHEMISTRY To investigate materials MATERIAL WORLD	 Compare and group together everyday materials based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, including their hardness, solubility, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets. Understand how some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution and describe how to recover a substance from a solution. Use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating. Give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic. Demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes. Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning, oxidisation and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda
Y5	To investigate materials	 hardness, solubility, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets. Understand how some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution and describe how to recover a substance from a solution. Use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating. Give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic. Demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes. Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually
	To investigate materials	 hardness, solubility, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets. Understand how some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution and describe how to recover a substance from a solution. Use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating. Give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic. Demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes. Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning, oxidisation and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda

Pr	Progression in Science Physics Skills: Wardley CE Primary School							
Y 1	Y1 Science Threshold Concepts - Physics							
Y 1	Physics Units	To understand movement, forces and magnets	To understand light and seeing	To investigate sound and hearing	To understand electrical circuits	To understand the Earth's movement in space		
Y 1	PHYSICS To understand light & seeing CELEBRATIONS	 Notice and describe how things move, using simple comparisons such as faster and slower. Compare how different things move. 	Observe and name a variety of sources of light, including electric lights, flames and the Sun, explaining that we see things because light travels from them to our eyes.	Observe and name a variety of sources of sound, noticing that we hear with our ears.	 Identify common appliances that run on electricity. Construct a simple series electrical circuit 	 Observe the apparent movement of the Sun during the day. Observe changes across the four seasons. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies. 		

Y 2		Y2 Science Threshold Concepts - Physics					
Y 2	Physics Units	To understand movement, forces and magnets	To understand light and seeing	To investigate sound and hearing	To understand electrical circuits	To understand the Earth's movement in space	
Y	PHYSICS To understand movement, forces & magnets MOVE IT PHYSICS To understand the Earth's movement in space SEASONAL CHANGE	 Notice and describe how things move, using simple comparisons such as faster and slower. Compare how different things move. 	Observe and name a variety of sources of light, including electric lights, flames and the Sun, explaining that we see things because light travels from them to our eyes.	Observe and name a variety of sources of sound, noticing that we hear with our ears.	 Identify common appliances that run on electricity. Construct a simple series electrical circuit 	 Observe the apparent movement of the Sun during the day. Observe changes across the four seasons. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies. 	
Y 3			Y3 Science Threshol	d Concepts - Physics			
Y 3	Physics Units	To understand movement, forces and magnets	To understand light and seeing	To investigate sound and hearing	To understand electrical circuits	To understand the Earth's movement in space	
Y 3	PHYSICS To understand light & seeing MIRROR, MIRROR PHYSICS To understand movement, forces & magnets OPPOSITES ATTRACT PHYSICS To understand the Earth's movement in space	 Notice that some forces need contact between two objects and some forces act at a distance. Observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others. Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a 	Notice that light is reflected from surfaces. Associate shadows with a light source being blocked by something; find patterns that determine the size of shadows.	 Identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating. Recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound's source increases. 	Identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery. Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit.	 Describe the movement of the Earth relative to the Sun in the solar system. Describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth. 	

	WE ARE ASTRONAUTS	magnet and identify some magnetic materials.			Recognise some common conductors and insulators and associate metals with being good conductors.	
Y 4			Y4 Science Threshol	d Concepts - Physics		
Y 4	Physics Units	To understand	To understand light	To investigate	To understand	To understand the
		movement, forces and magnets	and seeing	sound and hearing	electrical circuits	Earth's movement in space

		magnet and identify some magnetic materials.			Recognise some common conductors and insulators and associate metals with being good conductors.	
Y 5			Y5 Science Threshol	d Concepts - Physics		
Y 5	Physics Units	To understand movement, forces	To understand light	To investigate	To understand	To understand the
		and magnets	and seeing	sound and hearing	electrical circuits	Earth's movement in space

		Identify the effect of drag forces, such as air resistance, water resistance and friction that act between moving surfaces. Describe, in terms of drag forces, why moving objects that are not driven tend to slow down. Understand that force and motion can be transferred through mechanical devices such as gears, pulleys, levers and springs.	objects that cast them, and to predict the size of shadows when the position of the light source changes.		Compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches.	
Y 6			Y6 Science Threshol	d Concepts - Physics		
Y 6	Physics Units	To understand	To understand light	To investigate		
		movement, forces and magnets	and seeing	To investigate sound and hearing	To understand electrical circuits	To understand the Earth's movement in space

air resistance, water resistance and friction that act between moving surfaces. • Describe, in terms of drag forces, why moving objects that are not driven tend to slow down. • Understand that force and motion can be transferred through mechanical devices such as gears, pulleys, levers	position of the light source changes.	including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches.	
and springs.			